OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1748. [N°. 213.]

*A Commendam has paſſed the Great Seal, granted to the Right R***d the L*d B**p of St. A*, to hold in Commendam with the ſaid B**p*c, the Rectory of Bothall, with the Rectory of Shipwaſh, alias Shipwick, in the County of Northumberland; together with the Archdeaconry of the Cathedral Church of St. Aſaph, and alſo the Rectory of Landrineo in the Dioceſe of St. Aſaph, and alſo* any other two *Livings or Benefices within the ſaid Dioceſe.*

I HAVE taken my Motto from one of the Daily Papers, and ſo very extraordinary it is, that I read it three or four Times over before I could believe my Eyes; ſo much it differs from the Cuſtom of primitive Times, and from the very Fundamentals of Chriſtianity. I think it is very hard, that this Moſt Reverend Paſtor of our *pure, undefiled* Church, ſhould be ſo very unreaſonably burdened. A Biſhopric, in itſelf, has been formerly looked upon as a Charge which few Men were equal to; inſomuch, that the *Nolo-Epiſcopare* became as frequent as ſincere, not a ridiculous Matter of Form, as is ſaid to have been practiſed in After-times, ſo highly derogatory to the Chriſtian Religion.

Were the *Nolo-Epiſcopare* in Faſhion in theſe righteous Times, I believe no Perſon could utter it with greater Sincerity than the good B**p named in my Motto; ſince it has ſo many burdenous Incumbrances annexed to it, which requires ſuch an Application of Duty as renders it almoſt impoſſible for any honeſt Man (himſelf excepted) to diſcharge. His Promoters, or rather Oppreſſors, have had ſo little Conſideration for him, that they have continued the Burden which he had carried upon his pious Shoulders before, which were as much as any good Man could with a ſafe Conſcience hold and go thro' with; and then to add to this Weight, Dignities upon Dignities, Rectories and even Benefices, as they are called, *yet to come*, is a Hardſhip that can ſcarce be paralleled. They are not ſatisfy'd with overloading him at the preſent, but they provide new Burdens for him which are yet not in Being, reſolved, as it were, to keep him to hard Labour.

He came afar *North* to give us here in the South a Specimen of his Abilities, in expounding the Goſpel; which he follows with ſo much *Diſintereſtedneſs*, and he had hardly preached above once among us, than the good Man was picked up and ſent into *Wales*; whether from a kind of Affinity between the Heights of that Country and his own, or from what other Motive equally wiſe, is not as yet come to Light: Tho' ſome there are who ſay, that, as that Biſhopric was founded by *Kentigern*, a pious *Scot*, it was thought reaſonable to revive the *Scotiſh* Claim to it; but then, if we go by Precedent in Things of this kind, this good new Paſtor of ours will have very little Room to complain of being overburdened; for *Kentigern* had no ſooner eſtabliſhed his Biſhopric, than, making a Conſcience of holding a Dignity he was unequal to by reaſon of his *Unacquaintance with the Language of the Country*, he reſigned it into the Hands and Care of St. *Aſaph*, a *Briton*, and retired into his own Country. It were to be wiſhed, that every good Man that ſeeks after the Burden of a *Paſtoral Staff* in that Country, felt the ſame pious Impulſe of Self-Refuſal; more eſpecially, thoſe who accept of Rectories, Livings, and Benefices *yet to come*, who are more immediately concerned in teaching and inſtructing the People, among whom there is hardly one in twenty that underſtands the Language of the Teacher: But perhaps Salvation in that Country is only for the Gentry, and that the vulgar Herd may find it as they can, or periſh in their Ignorance.

I am in Pain how this good Rector, Vicar, Curate, Archdeacon and B**p, will be able to go through with the hard Duty his unthinking Superiors have impoſed upon him. Can he officiate in the *Britiſh* Language at *Landrineo?*—Not very ſoon I doubt; for he has a great Taſk to get over, firſt in making himſelf Maſter of *Davies's Welch* Dictionary, and when he has done that, 'tis ten to one whether now, in the Advance of Years, he will be able to familiarize his Tongue to that rugged Dialect, ſo as to pronounce it to be underſtood, unleſs the Doctor has been uſed to the guttural Highland Language of his own Country, in which Caſe I dare aſſert his acquiring the *Welch* Dialect practicable. But what has been may be again: The late learned Dr. *Wotton*, without a Native or previous Uſe of Gutturals, made himſelf Maſter, to the Surprize of all the Learned, during his Retirement in *Wales*, of all the Difficulties and Beauties of the old *Britiſh* Lauguage; inſomuch, that he frequently obliged the Natives with a Sermon in it, which ſo endeared him to all Ranks and Conditions among them, that he enjoyed from them an eaſy and uninterrupted Aſylum againſt all his Oppreſſors.

I have ſo great a Conſideration for our learned *Father*, that, were I worthy to adviſe, I ſhould reſiſt the Oppreſſion, and caſt off one Load to be more able to ſuſtain the other. Suppoſe he reſigned his two *Northern* Rectories, in order to ſtick cloſe to his *Britiſh* Dignities, Rectories, Livings, and Benefices, as well thoſe that be as thoſe two *that are to come*; and ſince theſe laſt are not ſpecify'd, but left to his own abſolute Appointment, I ſhould think, if he makes Choice of them in that Part of his Dioceſe which runs into *Shropſhire*, it will be much for his Convenience and more ſuitable to his upright Conſcience, as he will be the better able to diſcharge his Duty. But the Doctor's Mind can dictate beſt for him in this Caſe, and there is no Doubt of his being wholly guided by the pious Impulſes of it. *Commendams* have been long thought convenient and [illegible] *Chriſtian* Church in all Countries, in order to reward the Piety and Merit of the painful Labourer in the Vineyard of Salvation: But *Commendams* merely to overburthen a good Man, extending to what is not in Being, but of what is to come, and that may or may not fall, is peculiar to the State of our own *well-reformed* Religion in this Iſland.

There have been great Revolutions in Chriſtianity, until it became the national Religion of Countries. I ſpeak of the Times before the Reformation; and I think that there can hardly occur to any conſiderate Man a ſtronger Proof of it's *divine Original*, than it's having ſurvived the deadly Wounds it received from it's public Enemies from without, and it's more deadly Friends and Profeſſors within, even in it's Infancy. The pious Frauds, which ſome primitive Chriſtians invented and propagated about in their miſtaken Zeal, were ſo very notorious and glaring, that I make no Doubt of their having chiefly occaſioned them ſo many ſevere Perſecutions. They broached out falſe Hiſtories, falſe Prophecies, counterfeit Epiſtles, (among which was one from a Prince of *Edeſſa* to our SAVIOUR, and his Anſwer thereto, and another from the *Bleſſed Virgin* to St. *Ignatius*) counterfeit *Goſpels* down from *Eve* to *Judas*, falſe *Acts*, falſe *Relations*, ſham *Apocalypſes*, falſe Converſations with the *Apoſtles*, and a hundred other pious Fooleries, that had the Inventors of them, and their Confederates, alone felt the Iron-Rod of Paganiſm, it had been a good Deed; but they drew in the well-meaning, and too eaſy believing, Multitude to ſhare with them in the Cruelties of Perſecutions.

Notwithſtanding the many indiſputable Predictions to be found in the Scripture of our Saviour, yet were they not ſufficient with ſome inflamed Zealots; who muſt needs have Recourſe to the imaginary Oracles of the Heathens themſelves, and ſo would prove God by the Devil. Thoſe Fountains of Impoſture which paſs'd ſo long under the Name of the *Sibylline* Writings, made no ſmall Noiſe in the early Ages of Chriſtianity, as to the foretelling of our Saviour; which being ſo much hung upon by ſome indiſcreet good Men, that it brought the whole Chriſtian Sect under the Nick-name of *Sibylliſts*. This Prediction became ſo generally believed among the primitive Chriſtians, that there was not one of them that was not perſwaded and thoroughly convinced in his Mind, that the Pagans concealed thoſe Writings from public View, merely in Hatred to Chriſtianity. They were often challenged to produce them by the Chriſtians, and reproached with ſuppreſſing theſe their own obvious Teſtimonies of *Chriſt*. This was hard upon the Pagans, as the *Sibylline* Books were quite out of their Power; for no other Perſon whatſoever had Acceſs to them, from the firſt depoſiting of them in an Iron Cheſt under Ground in the *Capitol*, but the Commiſſioners who were appointed to keep them: The *Duumviri* firſt, after them the *Decemviri*, and then the *Quindecimviri*, who were alone to inſpect and expound them; and that too but occaſionally, by Order of the Senate. So that the reſt of the Pagans, and conſequently the Chriſtians, could have had but very imperfect Notions of theſe Writings, and thoſe ariſing only from what had been reported in Senate.

Beſides the Chriſtians founded their Clamour upon a very precarious Foundation, for whatever could be called *Sibylline* Books, in their Time, were ſurreptitious; as the firſt genuine ones had been quite deſtroy'd in the great Conflagration of the *Capitol* in *Sylla's* Civil Wars. 'Tis true, they are ſaid to have been replaced by a Collection made among the *Grecian* Provinces, by the Care of the Senate; which is pretty merry however, as we read that the three Books, ſold at an exceſſive Price by *Amalthea Sibylla* to *Tarquinius Priſcus* were Originals, and were never copied: But indiſcreet Zeal has no Conſideration; and yet it may be ſaid there were other *Sibyls* beſides the original *Cumæan*. 'Tis true, there were ſeveral infamous Forgeries that paſs'd under thoſe Names among the Chriſtians, which are beſt paſs'd over in Silence. 'Tis the irretrievable Loſs of the original *Sibylline* Poems, that gave Riſe and Encouragement to ſuch iniquitous *Counterfeits*; as 'twas thought they could not be eſſaly detected, and were at leaſt as good Originals as the *Romans* had themſelves: But the Chriſtian *Fabricators* were ſuch very bad Chronologers, that it required no great Skill to diſcover the cloven Foot of Falſity; tho' bad as they were, ſome of the *Fathers* ran ſo far incautiouſly in with the Humour of the Times, as to receive them under

Reſtrictions, pleaſed probably with the Notion of an Heathen Prophecy concerning our Saviour: Nay, there are too many in our own Days who have imbibed the Error in part, and will fain have it that *Virgil*'s Fourth Eclogue is a kind of Tranſlation of the *Cumæan Sibyl*'s Propheſy; and ſo call that a *Divine Poem*, which was no more than a mere Panegyric on the Poet's Benefactor *Pollio*, on the Birth of his Son, &c. To expoſe the Folly of this groundleſs Notion I have neither Room nor Leiſure: But there is not a ſingle Circumſtance throughout the whole Poem, that is not truly Pagan, and applicable to *Auguſtus Pollio* and his new-born Babe.

But it is to be obſerved, that the *pious Frauds* I have mentioned, had not their Foundation in Avarice and *wordly Gain*; but in fooliſh and ungoverned Zeal. *Profit* and *Lucre* had got no Footing in the Church in thoſe Days. He undertook a dolorous Taſk indeed, who accepted of a *Paſtoral Staff* then! for, to ſpeak in the Language of later Times, 'twas Labour all *without Gain*. Now, that we have got out of the Droſs of *Sibyllism*, and other primitive Errors, and that our Church is refined into a *polite Pitch* of Holineſs, another kind of Decorum is of Courſe become neceſſary; and though our *Saviour* rode only upon an Aſs, and that the Apoſtles travelled upon Sandals thro' the World, without Fee or wordly Reward, I muſt ſubmit to the Conſideration of all good Chriſtian People, whether the *Crook* may not be indulged with a decent Equipage of a Coach and Six, with three or four Lacqueys powdered out behind it, to raiſe an Awe and Reſpect in the Dioceſes of the good Man, who has the Inſpection of the Cure of Souls; and to remind them of the happy Progreſs of their Religion from the Manger to the Throne in ſome Countries, and ſo very near it in our own as to ſtand Firſt next the Throne.

LONDON.

On Tueſday Mr. Ward, one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers, arrived at the Duke of Newcaſtle's Office from Holland, with an Account that his Majeſty landed ſafely at Helvoetſluys on Sunday Morning at eight o'Clock, in Good Health.

And Wedneſday at Noon the Lords Juſtices met at the Cockpit, and opened their Commiſſion.

We hear his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, intends to ſet out for Hanover the Week after next.

Orders are ſent for the Mary, Anne, Vulture, Speedwell, Princeſs Mary, and Hope, Armed Tenders, to ſtop all Ships laden with Corn, of which there are thirty Sail ready to put to Sea.

Orders are likewiſe ſent to all the Ports of the Kingdom to prevent the Exportation of Corn; and to Ireland, to prevent the Exportation of Beef.

By the late Act of Parliament to regulate Court Martials in the Sea Service, there is a Claute added, that when any Ship in his Majeſty's Navy ſhall be taken by the Enemy, the Officers and Seamen belonging to the ſaid Ship, ſhall be in full Pay all the Time that they are Priſoners; unleſs they behaved with Cowardice, or refuſed to do their Duty.

The Magiſtrates of Briſtol have publiſhed an Order to forbid holding any Market therein, for the ſale of Horned Cattle, till further Orders, on Account of the Diſtemper being now raging in the Neighbouring Counties of Wilts and Glouceſter.

Tueſday their Royal Highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales were in their Barge on the Thames to ſee the Rowing Match for the Silver Cup. There were ſeven Pair of Oars ſtarted, and his Royal Highneſs ordered Five Guineas to the Oars that loſt.

Death of Major Highworth, of Brag's Regiment of Foot.

We hear that the Letters from Ireland bring, that Sir Robert King, Bart. and Major Johnſon, had fought a Duel, in which the latter was killed.

Monday laſt an uncommon Affair happened at Deptford; one Jameſon, a Sailor, who lodged at the Artichoke in that Town, having been ill of a Fever ſome Days was ſuppoſed to have died on Saturday. He was accordingly then laid out, and a Coffin and Shroud brought, in order for his Interment; but to the great Surprize of all the Family, on Monday Morning there appeared Signs of Life; on which Mr. Carter, a Surgeon, was ſent for, who let him Blood; on which he gradually recovered, and is likely to do well, having eat and drank ſeveral Times ſince.

Wedneſday was tryed at Guildhall a Cauſe, wherein the Adminiſtrator of a poor Sailor was Plantiff, and the Widow of an eminent Ticket Broker Defendant; for the Sailor's Wages, received by the Defendant's late Husband at the Pay-Office for the Uſe of the Plantiff. The Defendant pretended her Husband was a Purchaſer for a Conſiderable Conſideration, and for that Purpoſe ſet up a Will, and Bill of Sale; but the Will having been before duly revoked, and not being able to prove the Bill of Sale to be executed by the Plaintiff, under whom ſhe claimed, the Jury (without going from the Bar) found a Verdict for the Plantiff.

Wedneſday as ſome Gentlemen were fiſhing in Hackney River, they obſerved the Body of a Man naked in the Water, which they cauſed to be taken out; when, on Examination, he appeared to have been murdered, a large Stone being tied to his Leg and a deep Wound in his Breaſt. It is ſuppoſed he had been thrown in ſome Time, but who he was could not be diſcovered.

Extract of a Letter from Ipſwich, May 20.

"Laſt Monday William York, a Boy about 10 Years and five Months old, was committed to the County Jail in this Town, by John Cornelius, Eſq; for the Murder of Suſan Mayhew, a Child about five Years of Age, who was his Bedfellow in the Town-Houſe belonging to the Pariſh of Eyke. He confeſſed on his Examination, that a Trifling Quarrel happening between them in the ſaid Houſe, on Friday the 13th Inſtant, about Ten o'Clock in the Morning, he ſtruck her with his open Hand and made her cry: That ſhe going out of the Houſe to the Muck-Hill oppoſite to the Door, he followed her with a Hook in his Hand, with an Intent to kill her; but before he came up to her, he ſat down the Hook, and went back into the Houſe for a Knife: That he then went out again, took hold of the Girl's Left Hand, and cut her Wriſt, all round and to the Bone, with his Knife; then threw her down, and cut her, to the Bone, juſt above the Elbow of the ſame Arm: That after this he ſet his Foot upon her Stomach, and cut her Right Arm, round about and to the Bone, both on the Wriſt and above the Elbow: That he then thought ſhe wou'd not die, and therefore took the Hook, and cut her Left Ham to the Bone; and obſerving ſhe was not dead yet, ſtruck her about three Times on the Head with the Hook broad ways, and then found ſhe was dead.

"This is the Subſtance of his own Account of the Affair; and the only Reaſons that he gave, on his Examination, for all this aſtoniſhing Barbarity, were, that the Child had fouled the Bed (in which they lay together) that ſhe was ſulky, and that he did not like her.

"When he had thus completed the Murder, his next Care was to conceal it. He ſaid, that for this Purpoſe, he filled a Pail with Water at a Ditch, and waſhed the Blood off the Child's Body; that then he buried it in the Muck-Hill, together with the Blood that was ſpilt upon the Ground, and made the Muck-Hill, as ſmooth he could; and that afterwards he waſhed the Knife and Hook and carried them into the Houſe, waſhed the Blood off his own Cloaths, hid the Child's Cloaths in an old Chamber, and then came down and got his Breakfaſt.

"We are informed, that when he was examined he ſhewed very little concern, and that he ſtill appears quite eaſy and chearful."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Deal to his Friend at London, May 21.

"Laſt Night I had a Letter from Captain Abraham Boxell, of the Culloden, who writes me, that on Wedneſday laſt between One and Two in the Morning, being then cruizing off of Dungeneſs, he was ſuddenly boarded by a large Lugſail Veſſel French-Built, with a great Number of Men. He ſuppoſes her to be a French Privateer acting under a Spaniſh Commiſſion. Boxell being alarmed run out of his Cabin upon Deck, with both his Piſtols in his Hands, when he found the Enemy juſt attempting to enter his Veſſels, the firſt of whom he ſhot dead on the Culloden's Gunnel, and the ſecond was [illegible] between the two Veſſels. The Enemy till now took the Culloden for a cruizing Veſſel, but finding they had got a Tartar, would gladly have got away, but could not, her Mizen maſt being entangled with the Culloden's Bowſprit and Rigging, which ſoon carried away her Mizen-maſt, and ſhe then quickly ſheered off. Boxell could only make uſe of his Small Arms, while the Enemy was along ſide of him; but the Moment he was clear, he gave him a Broadſide with his great Guns three or four Pounders, one of which his Lieutenant loaded with a Hat full of Muſket-Bullets. This Broadſide carried away the Enemy's Main-maſt and muſt have done him great Damage being ſo very near, that moſt of the Shot took good Place. It was then paſt Two o'Clock and Day break, at which Time the Enemy ſuddenly diſappeared. It was clear Day-light in leſs than half an Hour after, during all the Time there was but very little Wind; therefore Boxell very reaſonable concludes, that he ſunk very ſoon after the Broadſide.

"I am juſt now well informed, that the above Veſſel ſtopped an Engliſh Collier the Day before, and after robing him of all he could find on board, obliged him to ranſom, and took a Hoſtage with him to carry to Calais, which unhappy Perſon was on board, in Boxell's Engagement."

Laſt Wedneſday Night the Purſers of the Kent and Severn arrived in the Downs from Ireland, which ſome Time ago arrived there from India.

We hear the French Privateers continue to commit Hoſtilities the ſame as before the Ceſſation, having as we ſuppoſe, got Spaniſh Commiſſions.

It is ſaid, that ſeveral Complaints have been made of the bad Behaviour of the French, ſince the ſigning of the Preliminary Articles.

Letters from the Sea Coaſt of Suſſex adviſe, that the Smugglers are very alert on the News of a Ceſſation of Arms with France; being in Hopes of carrying on their illicit Trade with that Country with better Succeſs than of late, ſeveral Veſſels being fitted out for that Purpoſe.

Monday Morning, about One o'Clock, Gray, the Smuggler, was brought to Town, guarded by a ſtrong Party of Horſe Grenadier Guards, and committed to Newgate.

Laſt Wedneſday Night, Scot Sunderland and John Beſt, two Smugglers, taken at Weſtram in Kent, were committed to the New Jail, Southwark, by Juſtice Hammond, for further Examination.

Yeſterday about Four o Clock in the Morning two Countrymen, coming from London, were attacked between Newington and Kingſland, by three Fellows who appeared like Haymakers, and robbed of about 14 l.

On Saturday laſt Mr Humphry Hundſdown, a Lincolnſhire Grazier, was robbed by two Highwaymen, near Hockley, of upwards of 150 Pounds.

Tueſday about Two o'Clock Mr. Roper a Tideſman, going over Tower-Hill, near Barkin-Ally, was attack'd by two Fellows, who robbed him of his Watch and and Two Guineas, and made off: One of the Fellows was dreſſed in a Morning Gown, a laced Waiſtcoat, a white Wig, and a Jockey's Cap.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight Mr. Horner, belonging to the Exciſe Office, was attacked by a ſingle Highwayman on Bagſhot Heath, and robbed of his Watch and three Guineas. The Fellow afterwards attempted to rob Mr. Houſeman, of Colnbroke; but Mr. Houſeman refuſing to deliver his Money, and declaring he would ſhoot him if he offered to advance, the Fellow made off; and a Gentleman coming up, they agreed to purſue him, which they did accordingly, and took him; and being carried before Juſtice Jenks, was committed to Reading Jail.

On Saturday Evening, between Six and Seven o'Clock, Doctor Roſe, of Putney, and his Lady, were ſtopped in their Chariot upon Wimbleton-Common by a ſingle Highwayman, who robbed them of their money, and made off for Wandſworth.

Thurſday the Seſſions began at the Old Baily, when 26 Priſoners were Tried, One of whom was Capitally convicted, &c.

George Cock, for ſtealing a Watch, the Property of George Stead, in his Dwelling-Houſe.

James Wood, late Game-keeper to Sir John Ruſhout of Harrow was tried for the Murder of John White a Boy of 16, and found Guilty of Manſlaughter.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, May 17. We hear that the Lords of the Southern Circuit at Dumfries have tried ——— Por, for a Rape upon a married Woman, and condemned him to be hanged. He had another Man aſſiſted him in debauching the poor Woman who was brought as an Evidence againſt him.

We are now certainly informed, that by the Death of Francis Lord Oliphant, without Iſſue, the Title devolves to James Oliphant, a Merchant in Batavia, only Son to the deceaſed James Oliphant of Langron.

IRELAND.

Dublin, May 17. Laſt Week died, at his Houſe in Malborough Street, Sir Walker Blake, Bart. He is ſucceeded in Honour and Eſtate by his Son, now Sir Thomas Blake, Bart.

Laſt Thurſday Night Richard Brownlow, of Arbourn-Hill, Eſq; a Gentleman both deaf and dumb, returning Home, fell into a Sand Hole on Oxmantown Green, where he was found at Four o'Clock the next Morning, bruiſed in a moſt terrible Manner, and in Convulſion Fits, which laſted till Seven in the Evening, when he died. By his Death his Brother, Thomas Brownlow, Eſq; becomes poſſeſs'd of an Eſtate of 500 l. a Year.

This Morning died Alderman Baker, Apothecary to the Royal Hoſpital.

BANKRUPTS.

Thomas Benbow, of the Pariſh of St. Paul, Shadwell, in the County of Middleſex, Bricklayer, Dealer and Chapman.

John Weſton, of Broadſtreet, London, Packer and Chapman.

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Were ye, ye Fair, but cautious whom ye truſt,
Did ye but know how ſeldom Fools *are juſt,*
So many of your Sex wou'd not in vain,
Of broken Vows and faithleſs Men complain:
Of all the various Wretches Love has made,
How few have been by Men of Senſe *betray'd?*
Rowe's Fair Penitent.

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GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO deſtructive to the Conſtitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moiſture or very Eſſence of Life, and inducing Conſumptions, Nervous Diſorders, &c. but to Poſterity alſo, inaſmuch as thoſe afflicted with ſuch Gleetings, if not wholy diſabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miſerable, and ſhort-liv'd Iſſue.

Theſe waſting Gleetings, occaſion'd by Self-pollution, exceſſive Venery, ſevere Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almoſt all Phyſicians and Surgeons to be ſo very difficult to overcome, are now ſo certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Reſtrictive Balſamick Electuary, that no one, how bad ſoever, need deſpair of being entirely ſet to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country now ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon in thoſe Caſes. This Grand Medicine is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, London, at 6 s. a Pot, ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, highly neceſſary to be read by all Perſons whoever were afflicted with any Diſorder of the Seminal Veſſels or neighbouring Parts.

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Dr. R. NELSON's *long-experienced* COMPOUND, *or never-failing Anti-Venereal Electuary, the like of which is not to be met with,*

FOR the true Cure of freſh Venereal Injuries, (and all the lurking Relicks or Remains of old ones) how virulent or obſtinate ſoever they may be; for it immediately puts a Stop to their Progreſs, and entirely and at once inſtantly, ferrets out, and carries off all the filthy poiſonous Infection, wears away the various Symptoms, and by Degrees cleanſes off the Running, and heals and ſtrengthens the Parts, ſenſibly and firmly, without the too common Conſequences of leaving either Foulneſs, Gleeting, or Weakneſs behind. This it does in a Way ſo regular and gentle, both by Stool and Urine, and with a Doſe, each Time, ſo ſmall and pleaſant (the Quantity but of a Nutmeg) that the niceſt Perſons areas well ſurprized as delighted with it, and the more, as it agrees with every one's Conſtitution, hinders no Buſineſs, nor gives the leaſt Suſpicion to the neareſt Relation.

In a very ſmall Space of Time (living temperately) it rids away a mild CLAP, and thoſe more ſevere, according to their ſeveral Degrees of Malignity.

There never was, nor can be in the whole Art of Phyſick contrived, any Medicine or Method capable of performing the Cure more certainly, more ſafely, or more ſpeedily, for it is ſo compleatly adapted to every Circumſtance of the Infection, and ſo fully anſwers the ſeveral Intentions of curing, that it is impoſſible it ſhould once fail.

But no more need to be ſaid of it, for it will recommend it ſelf, inſomuch that no Perſon will ever after ſeek for Cure himſelf, or adviſe his Friend to any other Remedy.

Price 5 s. the Tin-Pot. Prepar'd only by the Doctor, as aboveſaid and left (ſealed up with Directions) at Mr. Corbet's Bookſeller at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleet-ſtreet, and by Mr. Cook, under the Royal-Exchange; where it may be had by any Meſſenger, asking only for a 5 s. Pot of the COMPOUND.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the aboveſaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicine were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicks, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking for a Quarter of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

ANTI SIPHYLICON.

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breaking-out, and all other the moſt exſperate Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL *judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes, whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.*

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they moſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleet known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whoſoever carefully reads will be complete Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs be ſo affected with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Diſeaſe is entirely extirpated or not. Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(Son-in-Law to the late Mr. JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Buſineſs)*

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the ſame Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the loweſt Price) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may ſet their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing neceſſary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Perfection, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He deals only for READY MONEY.

His Houſe faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

The only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without any ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is Generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, dont once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids, cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy in Men*, and the *Vapours in Women*, ſo as never to return again be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately ſtarting at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, hence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Fears, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, Hideous Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, Flutterings, Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other almoſt innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miſerably affect vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſomuch fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, at 2s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions at large.

The moſt Delightful and Fragrant TINCTURE for the BREATH, TEETH and GUMS.

AT once uſing makes the BREATH moſt charmingly fine, ſweet and pleaſant, the TEETH perfectly white, clean and beautiful, and is the moſt certain Cure for the Scurvy in the GUMS in the World.

It infallibly preſerves the Breath, Teeth, and Gums, in their utmoſt Beauty and Perfection, if they are no ways diſorder'd, and if they are, immediately rectifies all their Defects; for the ſame Minute it is uſed, it makes the moſt offenſive Breath ſmell incomparably fine and charming, and in a ſhort Time ſo effectually cures that a diſagreeable Breath will never return.

It inſtantly makes the blackeſt and moſt foul Teeth extreamly white, and delicately beautiful; infallibly preſerves them from decaying, and thoſe a little decay'd, from becoming worſe; abſolutely cures the Scurvy in the Gums, be it ever ſo invererate, cauſing the Fleſh to grow up to the Teeth again, when almoſt eaten quite away, and aſſuredly faſtens looſe Teeth to Admiration. It is to be uſed but a few Drops at a Time, is exceeding pleaſant, and leaves a very grateful and delectable Flavour in the Mouth.

In a Word, for moſt delightfully performing and quickly curing an ill-ſcented Breath; for immediately making the blackeſt Teeth moſt excellently white, certainly faſtening them when looſe, effectually preſerving them from rotting or decaying, and infallibly curing the Scurvy in the Gums, it has not its Equal in the Univerſe, as all the Quality and principal Gentry who uſe it acknowledge.

It is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the Immediate Cure of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever,*

And alſo of IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *however occaſion'd, or of ever ſo long Standing,*

The Famous and Ineſtimable PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Barrenneſs in Women, and Impotency in Men in the Univerſe, and which attchieves accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreating the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently repleniſhing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurable Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by raſh living or otherwiſe, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolables are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

Black Thurſday, *July* 14, 1748.

ECLIPSE of the SUN Very Formidable. When It will be ſo DARK,——

That The Stars will Appear, and Birds in the Air, Fall to the Ground.

With the SEVEN Different Occultations, for Above 4 Hours, During the Whole ECLIPSE, Repreſented in SEVEN Curious Neat CUTS, Finely Engraved. And, On What Days, TWO More SUCH Great ECLIPSES, will be Viſible Again.

BUT, Tho' We Here Pretend to Tell, Like GYPSIES, How Often, will Appear ſuch Strange ECLIPSES.

Yet, If By Chance, We Shou'd, in Our Aſtrology Tell FALSE, Let THIS At Leaſt be Our Apology, That, Since to TRUTH, We Do not Swear a Tittle, We be Excus'd, If Chance, We LIE a LITTLE.

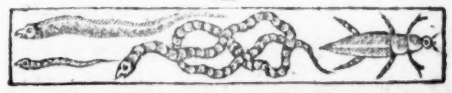
THIS Remarkable Treatiſe, Is Given Gratis, to Any One, that will but Step into the Shop for it, At Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECKLACE, in LONG-ACRE, Next Drury-Lane, London,

Where Are Alſo Given Gratis, For All Concerned, —— The

PRACTICAL SCHEME

Of Curing, &c. Without the Common EXPENCES of a Cure, or Knowledge of Any One. —— And, The Treatiſe Of

Theſe *Gnawing* WORMS,



That Keep Perſons (& moſtly Children) in Such an ill State of Health, that No Body can Tell what they Ail,

Till they See theſe WORMS to come Viſibly Away, ALIVE, & CRAWLING About, After only Eating 2, or 3 of the Famous SUGAR PLUMS, Price 12d. a Doz. With Directions.

If Your PLUMS, Are—From LONG-ACRE,

They are SAFE Entirely, and thoroughly INNOCENT, for Children, Or Grown Perſons. —— So Alſo, Of ANODYNE NECKLACES, If From Thence. A MOTHER, is SURE to have the Original Author's ANODYNE NECKLACE, Who now Prepared them for Near 40 Years, and Formerly Sold them at Temle-Bar, But NOW Removed to LONG-ACRE.

BUT as there are (Now of Late) Things Made Up in IMITATION of the Original Author's Remedies, At Thoſe Places where HIS Uſed to be Sold,

He has Neither his ANODYNE NECKLACES, Nor Sugar PLUMS Nor Any of his Other Remedies, Sold any LONGER, Neither Behind the Royal Exchange, Nor At Temple Bar, Notwithſtanding any Pretences to the Contrary.

LONDON: Printed for J. PURSER, in *Red-Lion Court, Fleet-ſtreet.* Where Advertiſements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.